LOUISVILLE, Oct. 20, 1853. Tennessee Legislature. The third ballot stood as

-John Bell, 29; Henry, 14; Nelson, 12; Cave John

White Nominations.

Syracuse, Oct. 20, 1853.

Whig County Convention Nominated James Munroe water; Charles Andrews, for Distaict Attorney; Jared arker, Superintendent of the Poor; and Levi Wells

Burrato, Oct. 29, 1853.

Democratic Judicial Convention nominated Joseph ten as their candidate for Justice of the Supreme long term. No nomination was made for the shor

MONTPELLIER, Vt., Oct. 20, 1853. r more trials were had this morning, in joint ballot. vernor. The last was as follows:—Fairbanks, whig tobinson, dem. 100; Brainard, free soiler, 37. Far

at the democrats, in a body, suddenly went over to soil candidate without any previous arrangement,

Boston, Oct. 29, 1853. mocrats and free soilers of Essex county met in te convention to day, at Ipswich, agreed to coalesce cket, and nominated three democrats and two free as their candidates for the Senate. ree soilers of Suffolk county held their ratification

or in Fancuil Hall to-night. Between one thousand solutions passed were in favor of unrelenting on

n to the Fugitive Slave, law, and of continuing the

ard H. Dans, Jr., and others, addressed the meet

The Martha Washington Case

CINCINNATI, Oct. 20, 1853.

• Martha Washington case, counsel for the defence made a motion to quash the indictment on the that the United States had no jurisdiction over aconstitutional. Judge McLean decided that the States had jurisdiction, and the law was clearly ational. The motion was overruled .

From the South.

SION AND LOSS OF LIFE—THE CUMBERLAND
COAL TRADE, ETC.

ВАПТМОВЕ. Ост. 20, 1852. of the Mississippi, on the 12th instant, killing

of Messrs. Bronson and O'Conor will be enforced

ons. The canal is again in bad order. The water ad nothing can be done until after a fall of rain.

Sontag has volunteered to give a day concer ublic Schools of this city. Her first concert takes

Ingersell yesterday refused to grant an injunc-the case of Horace H. Day vs. L. Candee & Co., of , which was argued here a few weeks ago before of States Circuit Court.

Bosrox, Oct. 20, 1853. soner Clara M. Porter, arrived at Beverly, reng boarded on the 12th of October, in lat. 42, eased to seventy-but good health was then re

Markets.

ALBANY, October 20, 1853
eipts of the past twenty-four hours foot up.—
60 bbls; wheat, 17,000 bus; corn 10,000 bus;
bus; barley 63,000 bus. The transactions in
only 900 bbls at \$6.87 a \$7 for State. Corn 1s
assier; sales 2,500 bus. at 776 for mixed Western.
5,000 bus. sold at 78 a 796 for two rowed. 84 a 85c
wed, and 81 a \$1% for Wisconsin. Oats steady.
rison whiskey at 33%c.

BUFFALO, Oct. 20, 1853.
since our last:—Flour, 8,000 bbls. wheat 7,000

TION OF THE ALLEGED MURDERER OF SHERTY, DURING THE FIREMEN'S ROW.

our city is all alive with interest and excitement. n to the examination of the members of Engine Neil Dougherty, during the firemen's row of inst. The examination is before Judge Man-

remembered that the verdict of the coroner's be remembered that the verdict of the coroner's icated six persens as active agents in the mur-James and Anthony Jones, Zelohis W. Burt, f. Burt, Henry Lewis, and a man named Kelly, see were arrested on the day of the murder; Burt vered in Boston on Saturday night, and brought his city; Northrup gave himself up this morning, fidence that he can prove himself innocent; Lewis are still at large. Suspicions are entertained former is the person who inflicted the most wounds upon Dougherty, with a piece of rod.

WS BY TELEGRAPH. Triennial Convention of the Protestant Epis-

THIRTEENTH DAY. The attendance of delegates at the opening of this Con-

rention, yesterday morning, was very slim. The many permissions of absence granted to delegates, have re ced the number in attendance to a rather small number. Morning prayer was read by the President of the Convention, the Rev. Dr. Creighton, and the lessons by the Assistant Secretary, the Rev. Mr. Randall, of Massachu-

The minutes of the previous day were read. It being voted that the documents from the delegation from To-ronto, be recorded in them, they were adopted.

the Special Committee appointed to nominate a Board of

Rev. Dr. N. B. Crocker,	Rev. Mr.	Halsey.
W. B. Stevens,	44	M. H. Henderson.
" C. Henkell,	66	S. A. Shanklin.
" P. A. Powel,	44	W. Sudders.
" C. W. Andrews,	- 44	H. Odenheimer.
" D. Vinton,	Messrs.	Appleton.
" W. E. Wyate,	66	E. F. Chambers,
" H. Potter,	"	R. H. Gardner.
" F. L. Hawkes,	**	L. H. Huntingdon.
" H. W. Lee.	66	C. G. Maninger,
Rev. Mr. G. H. Merinem,	44	G. M. Wheaton,
" J. I. Clarke,	44	R. B. Minturn.
T. C. Pitsen,	44	J. C. Garthwaiths.
" D. L. Southard,	44	T. H. Wight,
" A. C. Coxe.	44	S. S. Donaldson.
The above committee are	to serve fo	or three years, and
on motion, the list was sent	to the Ho	use of Bishops.
It was then moved and ca		
sion to-morrow evening, and	every eve	ning thereafter tu

of this country is almost a fatal discouragement to the aspirants for the ministry.

Resolved, That the House of Bishop he requested to take this subject into consideration, and to make such reform as they may deem best.

Mr. Newron, of Massachusetts—I rise to second these resolutions. I do so because I am a layman, and we are the delinquents, and to us the resolutions appeal. I wish, as a layman, to do all I can for the removal of this mon-

as a layman, to do all I can for the removal of this monstrous evil.

Dr. Hiolske—One of the first Christian lessons we learn in onr youth, is the duty to earn and provide for our own living. And so it becomes a matter of conscience with us to pay some regard to our salaries.

The resolutions were passed unanimously.

Mr. Crauk, of Kentucky, then proposed to amend section first of canon 8th of 1850. This section reads:—

CANON VIII.

Of Missionary Bishops within the United States.

Former Canons on this sabject were the second of 1835, and the second of 1835, and the second of 1835, and the second of 1835.

Section 1. The House of Clerical and Lay Deputies may, from time to time, on nomination by the House of Bishops of this Church, to exercise Episcopal functions in States or Territories not organized into diseeses. The evidence of such election shall be a certineate, to be subscribed by a constitutional majority of said House of Clerical and Lay Deputies, in the form required by the canon III. of 1852, to be given by the members of Diocesea Conventions, on the recommendations of Mishops elect for consecration, which certificate shall be produced to the House of Bahops; and if the House of Bishops shall consent to the consecration, they may take order for that purposes.

The Rev. Samuel S. Southard then took the floor, and

the House of Bisaops shall consent to the consecration, they may take order for that purpose.

The amendments proposed were, after some discussion, laid upon the table.

The Rev. Samuer. S. Southard then took the floor, and asked for the reading of the following resolution, previously offered by him:

Resolved, That this House respectfully request the House of Bishops to state the degrees in which, hereafter, it shall not be lawful for the members of this church to marry, or for the ministers of this church to mit persons in marriage, and to take such action on the subject as may secure the concurrence of this house.

The Rev. gentleman addressed the house in support of his resolution, but at the close a motion was made and carried to lay the whole subject upon the table.

The order of the day was then called for, which was the consideration of the resolutions proposed in the report of the day before, of the Committee on the Board of Missions.

the day before, of the Committee on the Board of Missions.

Upon motion the consideration of these resolutions was postponed till printed copies of them, which had been ordered, should arrive.

MERIAY HOFFMAN, Esq., on behalf of the Committee on Canons, then made a report, presenting a new canon, which was ordered to be printed for the use of the house, and to be taken up for consideration when printed copies of it are supplied to the delegates.

The Rev. F. Viston presented, on behalf of the Committee on Canons, a substitute to canon first, of 1853.

Buring the reading of this report the printed copies of the resolutions contained in the report of the Committee on the Board of Missions arrived, and the order of the day was called for, which was the consideration of such resolutions.

They read as follows.

dittees. Resolved, That the Acard of Missions be requested to devise many cans for the cathering and diffusion of more mission some means for the gathering and diffusion of more missionary intelligence throughout the church.
Resolved, That while we would still plead for the support and extension of our foreign missionary operations, we deem it our duty to urge upen the church the special claims of our domestic population in all parts of our land.
That the Hislory of the several discoses he respectfully re-

telds.

Upon motion of Rev. Dr. Scorr, of Georgia, the first re-olution was taken up for consideration.

The Rev. Dr. Strvane, of Penn., the chairman of the ommittee reporting these resolutions, first took the oor.

ommittee reporting these resolutions, first took the floor.

The Rev. F. Vinton, of Mass., followed. He said we ought not to waste the time of this house in discussing these resolutions. The Board of Missions are now engaged in discussing these resolutions, and the subject properly belongs to them. It was due to the committee reporting them, that we should not waste the time of the Convention in discussing them.

Judge Chambers, of Maryland.—I am opposed to this resolution. It will be a rebuke upon the Board of Missions for non-performance of their duties if we pass this. I hope we will leave this subject and proceed to some of the more important matters which ought and must occupy our attention.

Dr. Mean moved to amend, by striking out the word "special" before the word "officer."

more important matters which ougat and must occupy our attention.

Dr. Mead moved to amend, by striking out the word "special" before the word "officer."

This amendment was not seconded.

Mr. Crans, of Rhode Island, moved to amend the resolution so it would read as follows—
Resolved, That in the judgment of this house, it is important that a Secretary and General Agent be appointed by the Board of Missions over each committee, as the ninth article of the constitution may require.

This amendment was lost.

The question then came up upon the resolution as originally reported, which was adopted.

Upon motion, the secend resolution of the series was then taken up for consideration.

The Rev. Dr. Scorr, of Georgia, moved to amend by inserting the word "Auxiliary" before the word "Society," and striking out all after that word.

This amendment was not seconded.

Rev. Dr. Vinton, of New York, moved to insert the word "Diocesses" in the place of the word "Clergy".

Various other amendments were proposed, until the original resolution was entirely lost, and it was impossible to say how it read with the many alterations.

Rev. Mr. Vinton, of Mass.—This question has become very much entangled, through various amendments and alterations. I have no objection to the resolution as originally reported, provided it is understood, as many contend, that the clergy are not bound by it. If this resolutions will pass without dissent. I hope the wisdom of the committee presenting these resolutions, will induce them to withdraw this one.

Judge Williams—I must object to the request of my friend from Massachunetts, te withdraw this resolution, the convention adjourned till this morning at nine o'clock.

Melancholy Casualty in Troy.—The Troy

In the midst of the debate upon this resolution, the Convention adjourned till this morning at nine o'clock.

Melancholy Casualty in Thoy.—The Troy Whog records a sad disaster which occurred at the residence of Mr. Burton, No. 2 Washington place, in that city, on the 14th inst. It appears that Mr. B., with his family, had but recently moved into the house, and on Thursday and Friday the gas fitters were engaged putting up the fixtures. By some unaccountable carelessness, a cap was left off one of the large pipes in the building on Friday evening—a repetition of similar neglect which occurred on Thursday, and which was then brought to the notice of the workmen—and Mrs. Burton and her father Mr. Parkburst, with a light, endeavored to dislover from whence the gas issued. On entering a small room adjoining the pariors, the room was so densely filled with the gas that it ignited and a flame burst out with terrific force, enveloping the adjoining parlors in the flame and causing an explosion which shook the building and was distinctly heard throughout the neighborhood. Mrs. B. was prostrated instantly her clothes taking fire, and her whole body wrapped in flames. It seems, however, that even in this frightful condition she retained her presence of mind, and crawled to the rear parlor window, from which she either jumped or fell to the grund, a distance of some ten feet. Here she was discovered by the servants in the basement, who immediately dashed water upon her. Her whole body was most shockingly burned, her face suffering the least injury. She lies in a very critical condition, and but faint hopes are entertained of her recovery. Last evening, however, the physicians thought her symptoms favorable. Mr. Parkhurst was badly burned on his breast, face, hands and arms. It is thought that he inhaled more of the gas than did Mrs. P., and his internal sufferings seem to be intense. The glass in one of the large parlor windows in the rear was shivered in pieces. The furniture in the small room, as well as the doors, celli

The Cuban Question-Extraordinary Ru. BRITISH INTERFERENCE—THE APPRENTICESHIP SYS-

BRITISH INTERPRENCE—THE APPRENTICISMIT SYSTEM, FIG.

The rumors which have prevailed for some time, as to the interference of Great Britain in the slavery question to interference of Great Britain in the slavery question so strong that there is but little some led Corroboration to see that there is but little some led Corroboration to indeannify the owners of slaves in Jamaica for their emandipation, upon the ground that the measure of abolishing slavery in that island would exert an influence upon this continent, and that twenty millions of pomusi sterling would be well spent for such an object. The British government, and that twenty millions of pomusi sterling would be well spent for such an object the British government, and is now sendily pursued by the British government, and is now sendily pursued by the British government, and is now start with the consent of Spain, and under the protection of British ships of war, to be worked for ten years as always, with the further agreement that slavery shall cease to exist in the island at the end of fifty years. We have reason to believe, from our private advices from Havans, that wealthy for the protection of the protection of British ships of war, to be worked for ten years as always, with the government of Madrid, and sanctioned and guaranteed by the British government. In that spirit of open spoken freedom which ought to be the ruling characteristic of an American press, we deem it our duty to call the atlantion of the American people to the information derived from these significant facts. It becomes us to survey industry the server of the scheme of Africaning Caba is revolting to human nature. It has but to be looked at in this point of view to see in it a revival, in its most histone for the scheme of Africaning Caba is revolting to human nature. It has but to be looked at in this point of view to see in the armonism of the scheme of Africaning Caba is revolting to make the surface of the British navy seed of humanity, the sentiment of those feature with t

MESSES. BEONSON AND O'CONOR .- The resolutions engenumemen were passed by the Democratic Young Men's National Club, and not by the Union Club, as inad-vertently stated in Wednesday's papers. This correction is alike important to both the national and free soil dem >

JUDICIAL NOMINATIONS, &c.—The New York City Alliance party have made the following nominations:—For Judge of the Supreme Court, Charles P. Kirkland; Superior Court, John Duer, Peter Y. Cutler, and Lucius Robinson, (short term;) Common Pleas, Charles P. Daly; District Attorney, Chauncey Shaffer.

THINKY SECOND COUNCIL DESIRET.—The postional democrats have nominated George Elliott as their candidate for Councilman, in the Thirty Second district. There are no less than five candidates for the office.

Carr Whig Convention.—The Brooklyn City Whig Con rention assembled at the City Hotel last evening, and organized by appointing Abraham B. Baylis, Alderman

organized by appointing Abraham B. Baylis, Alderman of the Tenth Ward, chairman, and John Loomis, editor of the Advertiser, secretary. The following ticket was then placed in nonaination:—

Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies—John M. Perry, the present incumbent.

Collector of Tara and Assessments—George N. Mead.

Street Commissioners.—Archibald T. Laurence.—The first two candidates were nominated on the first formal ballot, the last named on the third ballot. All were unanimously continued, and the convention adjourned.

The FREE DEMOCRANS ON STATES ISLAND.—A meeting of the free democracy, or abolitionists, was held at the Richmond county hall in the village of Richmond, on Tuesday evening, when an entire county tictet was put in nomination, and a delegate selected to attend the Senatorial convention of which that county forms a part.

The whigs of Bullado non inated James C. Harrison as their candidate for Mayor, on the first ballot.

Jochus Vansant, the regularly nominated democratic candidate for the Third Congressional district, Mayyland, peremptorily resigns the nomination, on the ground of alleged treachery among some of his friends.

The Democratic Tranbles.

Another version of the syracuse affair.

Mr. Editor—Having observed a card in the Hiranhof yesterday, over the signature of Thomas J. Barr and others, I deem it but justice to my friends that it should receive a passing notice from me. This Thomas J. Barr and others, I deem it but justice to my friends that it should receive a passing notice from me. This Thomas J. Barr and others, I deem it but justice to my friends that it should receive a passing notice from me. This Thomas J. Barr asserts, in his manifesto, that a brand of buildes and fighting men were imported from New York for the purpose of controlling the convention, and, among others, I see my name conspicuous. It is true I was at the convention in Syracuse, and went there in the capacity of a private citizen, as many others did, and who, I presume, like myself, supposed they had a perfect right to go there, never having heard it questioned except by Thomas J. Parr and his confederates who it seems were under the impression that Syracuse belonged exclusively to Barr & Co. As for the epithets Mr. Barr has seen fit to apply to me, they do not constitute any part of my character. As a fighting man I claim no such distinction, except in defence of my country, but as such I acknowledge I am, having served as a New York voluntser during the Maxican war, and received an honerable discharge. His sinister remarks, therefore, in recard to my receiving an appoint ment under Isaac V. Fowler, Eq. gives me leave to say that I consider I am entitled to some consideration from the United States government for past services. Allow me to ask Mr. Barr one question—Were there no gentlemen in Syracuse except those who were there no gentlemen in Syracuse except those who were there no gentlemen in Syracuse except those who were there no gentlemen in Syracuse except those who were there no gentlemen in Syracuse except those who were there no gentlemen in Syracuse except these who were there no gentlemen in Syracuse except these who were the end of t

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.—The Washington Union of the 20th, publishes the fallowing under the head of "afficial":—Robert M. McLane, of Maryland, to be commissioner to Chine. hins. Levi K. Bewen, of Manyland, to be consul to Bor-

THE LATEST FROM BRAZIL

Interesting News from the Amazon Explor ing Expedition.
OUR PAIA CORRESPONDENCE.

PORT OF PARA, Sept. 49, 1853. The Voyage from New York to Para-South Ame-

The Voyage from New York to Para—South American Pilots—The Ship upon a Reef—Situation of the Rock—Great Danger to the Vessel—Exertions of her Commander, Officers, and Crew, &c.

Having promised to inform you of any matters of note that might transpire, to my own knowledge, during my absence in South America, especially while connected with the Amazon exploring expeditions and having at recent the connected with the Amazon exploring expeditions. tion, and having at present an opportunity for communicating a few words, I will give you some parti-culars, solely relating to the voyage hither and the vessel in which I sailed. The description of the ves-sel and her destination were probably published in the columns of your paper immediately after her de-parture from New York. I will, therefore, omit stat-

ing anything in that way at present.

It is sufficient to say that we arrived at the mouth of the river Amazon. " " presperous run of twenty-five days. We had light but favorable winds during most of the voyage. The system-or rather no system—of piloting on the river from the seaboard to the city of Para, a distance of eighty-five miles, is odious in the extreme; there being but few pilots, most of whom are totally inefficient, and without suitable

in the extreme; there being but few pilots, most of whom are totally inefficient, and without suitable boats or regulations.

By reason of these circumstances, our vessel was delayed nearly two days, and on the afternoon of the first day was in imminent peril of being lost. When the pilot was received on board he was taken out of the water, his boat having capsized and sunk while coming off to board us. The occurrence being within our observation, the vessel was immediately ran down to them, one of the quarter boats lowered, and our sable and, as he afterwares proved, unlucky guide, was picked up, along with two others, who composed the crew of the boat.

Our course was then shaped, by compass, for Para; and at eleven o'clock in the evening, when within twelve miles of her destination, the vessel, through the ignorance or stubbornness, or both, of the pilot, was run hard and fast upon a hidden and dangerous reef of rocks, which lay half a mile from the proper channel of the river. Shores were immediately rigged out on either side, and every thing done to keep her on an even keel, and prevent her from bilging. She nevertheless sustained considerable damage, having injured her keel and rudder and stove a hole in her bilge, together with a heavy straining of her whole frame, which caused her to leak almost beyond the capacity of the pumps.

Through the untiring watchfulness and superior skill of her commander, Captain Hudson, and the unremitting exertions of all on board, both passengers and crew, she was finally got off, after several hours of hard thumping, and taken to Para, where we arrived this day, nearly exhausted through labor and fatigue. To relieve a vessel from a position similar to the one in which this was placed at that particular juncture, would verily be deemed almost a miracle in our own country, where steamers, lighters, &c., are usually brought into requisition; but where no such facilities and advantages are afforded, and all is to be effected simply by the trimming of the sails, and by veering

are also gentlemen of merit and a complished seamen.

While on the rocks the bark was full of water to the forecastle deck; but as the lower part of the hold was filled with coal, it is thought that no other part of the reargo received any injury. After arriving at the city it was found that the leak had greatly diminished, so mach so as to only require the working of one pump, which is, indeed, more than sufficient to keep her free. The vessel will be temporarily repaired, to enable her to return home with rafety.

The vessel that will convey this intelligence salls to morrow for Salem; and being almost worn out with fadigue I shall not be able to give you any information in regard to other malters, but will eadeavor to do so at the first favorable opportunity.

I am sorry to say that there have been a number of deaths on board the convict huiks at freland Island.

At Hamilton there have been several cases of feve amen purple of the town, which now appears to take it course entirely among the children. It is of a very mild character, showel, compared with that at St. Georges, and but two or three deaths have occurred, and in those cases I believe that other causes than the fever produced death.

The mail steamer Argus arrived here on Saturday last from halifax, and, having landed three assistant surgeons, sent down here by the Admiral to serve during the prevalence of the epidemic, proceeded on Tuesday last to January and the admiral, with his known liberality, forwarded the sum of 210 towards the assistance of the distressed at St. Georges.

The mail steamer Vulcan arrived off these islands last Tuesday week from England, with \$60 troops on board—a company of artillery and a detachment of the Fifty-sixth regiment, bearing intended for service in Berunda, and the remainder for the West Indies. His Honor Major Ryles sent a letter on beard advising her commander to proceed the early to a street of the commander most speedily followed.

Interesting News from Mexico.

REFORTED REVOLUTION IN YUGATAN—THE CHOLERA
—JESUITS RE ESTABLISHED—ROBBERS EXECUTED—
HORBIBLE SCENE OF GARROTING—GEN. ARISTA GOING TO SEE THE FIGHT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND

TUMERY, STC.

By the arrival of the steamer Texas, at New Orleans on the 11th October, we have files of papers from the city of Mexico up to the 5d.

The New Orleans Picayune gives the following summary of news.

The New Orleans reports that the British mail steamship Avon left on the evening of the 5th inst., without having shipped her freight list of specie and cochineal. A norther was blowing and prevented its being put on beard, and at her appointed time she was compelled to leave without it.

left on the evering of the 5th inst., without having shipped her freight list of species and cochineal. A norther was hawing and prevented its being put on beard, and at her appointed time she was compelled to leave without it.

The Mexican war steamer Estado de Mejico left Vera Cruz on the morning of the 8th instant, with 300 troops on board, for Yucatan, in which place if was reported that a revolution had broken out.

The Tread Crimon, of the 1st instant, states that the post of minister of war, made vacant by the death of Gen. Tornel, and which had been filled at interia by Ion Suarax Navarro. had been permanently supplied by the appointment of Jon Lino J. Alcorta, who took the ooth of offices on the 28th ult. The same paper adds that some excitement had been created by Senor Navarro's laxing been ordered, on the 30th ult, to Acapulco, wherea he was to be embarked for Shailla, in consequence, it is alleged, of some act of insubordination.

On the 28th ult. funeral ceremonies were performed in the city of Mexico in honor of the memories of the victims of the war of independence. The authorities of every class and a large number of notabilities were present on the occasion. Similar ceremonies were performed at Churubusco on the 12th ult. in honer of the remonries of those who fell on the 20th of August, 1847, on the occasion of the American invasica.

The cholera continues its ravages at Oajace. The Academy of Arts and Sciences had been closed. A number of wall that the right and duries attaching. Their property is all to be restored to thorn, with the exception of the college of San Idefonce as they acood in before they were busined. They are to be considered as Hexican vitians, with all the right and duries attaching. Their property is all to be restored to thorn, with the exception of the college of San Idefonce and she city. Another cituals rivets the present a commenciation in which they invoke blessing on his head and explain the pious and quiet course the interest hap revention of the circulations, wit

exico. Some twenty executions have now taken place in variou

of most of the band that have hitherto been concerned in these affairs have been taken, it is to be hoped that the severities being pursued towards them will soon effectually check them.

A letter had been received from General Arista, stating that he had recovered from his maledy, and purposed going to witness the operations between Russia and Turkey should war break out.

Senor Fereda, the new Minister to Guatemaks, a newly created legation, and Senor Frederico Falques, Muister to Central America, had both set out.

On the 22d ult. troops were marched from Guanajusto for Guadalajara, in consequence of a reported revolutionary movement in the latter place.

Senor Vicento García Torres, formerly editor of the Monitor Republicano, has been banished to Sonora; for what offence is not stated.

The Council of State has been increased by the addition of fifteen more members. Among them General M. M. Iombardini has taken the oath.

Since the 20th ult, electro-telegraphic communication was established between Querétaro; Celaya, Salamanca, Irapuato, Guanajuato, Silas, and Leon.

Senors Mugica and Osorio are under arrest in the National Palace in Mexico.

It is reported that a conspiracy has been discovered in

Twelve bandits were lately arrested at Candelaria, in accatecas; four of them attempting to flee were shot, hree being killed on the spot.

The ravages of the Indians continue apparently without black check.

In consequence of the defalcation of the cashier of the Sisters of Charity in Mexico—a Padre Armengol—they have been reduced to bankruptcy, leaving debts of many hundreds of thousands of dollars. (*) So says the Train

d'Union.

The President has accorded exequators to Mr. Pickett, appointed U. S. Consul at Vera Croz, and to Mr. Danman, appointed U. S. Consul at Acapulco.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

BERMUDA, October 12, 1853. Errible Disease-A Species of Plague-Great Mortality Among Foreigners, dc.
I arrived here in the Merlin last evening, but the vessel

did not enter the port of St. George, where the sickness is still prevailing, although, perhaps, not so alarmingly as at the date of your last advices. The disorder is not the common yellow fever of the West Indies, but a sort of plague, black spots appearing on the surface of the bedy, which become ulcers, and those extending and connecting with each other until the entire body may be said to be in a state of decomposition before death has relieved the

in a state of decomposition before death has relieved the sufferer.

The disease seems to have been engendered here, and sets at defiance medical skill. It is most fatal to Europeans, particularly among the military and convicts at Ireland Island, and it is estimated that one-half of those who are attacked have died. The wind at present is from the northeast, which, under Providence, may have the effect of mitigating the disorder, which, at first, I was disposed to think was cholera in another form, but I find it generally runs through and sometimes carries off whole families, which has induced ne to forego that opinion. Some persons suppose that it is an African fever which has been imported, but the channel cannot be ascertained. The fact is, every one—medical men and all—are at fault. As the vessel, via Baltimore, by which I send this is about sailing. I must abruptly conclude, with expressing a hope that the worst is passed, and that the next accounts from Bermuda will entirely allay the anxiety of friends. W.

The Fever-Havoc among Orphans-Swearing in of Major Oakley as Governor-Arrival of the Steamer Argus, &c. The fever has abated somewhat its virulence, probably owing to the scarcity of victims; for St. Georges is now pretty well cleared out; all the civilians that could conve-nically leave have done so, and there are no troops left there except a small guard for the protection of the pow-

der magazine on Ordnance Island.

I regret to say that the fever has lately been making

I regret to say that the fever has lately been making sad havoc among the orphan children of soldiers that have died.

There have been a few deaths among the Artillery that were removed from St. Georges to Prospect Hill about a fortnight ago.

The sick at Port Island are getting on favorably, as also at the Naval Hospital, ireland Island, where, out of forty cases, but seven deaths have occurred.

I am sorry to say that there have lately been a number of deaths on board the convict huiks at Ireland Island.

At Hamilton there have been several cases of feverameng people of the town, which now appears to take it course enthely among the children. It is of a very mild character, though, compared with that at St. Georges, and but two or three deaths have occurred, and in those cases I believe that other causes than the fever produced death.

The mail steamer Argus arrived here on Saturday last

lowed.

Major Oakley, of the Fifty-sixth regiment, having recovered from his illness, assumed the government yesterday. Major lyles' transaction of the duties has given
very general satisfaction.

Steamer Merlin arrived yesterday from New York and
leaves this morning for St. Thomas.

X.

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Late Intelligence from Texas.

The yellow fever is on the decline in Galreston. The News of the 7th says.—The section's report for the past three days a verage sown each day; while for the previous four days the average was but five per day. However, we feel assured that the epidemic is on the decline, and we hope our reports will show its termination in a week or two more. The weather is now at the present time favorable. Of the Ceaths for the past few days a larger portion than usual have occurred from other discases than the yellow fever.

In Houston, however, there was no abatement of the sickness. A correspondent of the News, writing from Houston on the 5th, says.—'I did most fondly hope that by this mall should have the privilege of advising you of the cealing of the special state of the spidemic in our city. This, however, is not my privilege. I learn that the number of income any day since the shears of a security of the source that there is a decline in the number of new cases, and that the disease yields more readily to medical treatment, so that in another week we may hope to be able to report an encouraging abatement."

Among the recent deaths in Houston we see the names of the Rev. Mr. Cameron, editor of the Wesleyan Banner; Mr. G. B. Moore, a merchant, first jedgert, and others.

The fever still huggered on at Indianola, thought it was principally confined to emigrants and strangers. The locar of leaths recome and the strangers of the 20th with that Corpus Christi continues to enjoy excellent health, for which that place is so justly noted. One case of the Steamer from the Accase Vellow Chenas, economic of the west of the steamer from the city. Mr. W. died on the 17th with that have health of the shade of the steamer from the city. Mrs. We died on the 17th with that have a fine of the steamer from the control of the foreign of t

the F os and east of Brazos river, while Major Howard rge of the Lipans, Muscaleros, and tribes on the El Paso utc.

After the main body of the troops left Fort Chadbeuras, the Cammaches became somewhat insolent and stells things, but their audacity was soon repressed by Major Wood.

A letter received at Galveston from Austin, dated 27th ult., says Dr. Steiner, who billed Major Araold in a dust at Fort Graham, has been before the court tribunal at Corsicana, and acquitted. He is now in close military arrest, awaiting Gen. Smith's order for a court market to try him.

arrest, awaiting own. Similar that Mesers. Jones and Device to try him.

The Western Train learns that Mesers. Jones and Device were about closing an arrangement with the capitalists in New York, by which they would obtain the necessary means to prosecute their railway contract.

The Furt.

UNION COURSE, L. 1.—TROTTING.

THURSDAY, Oct. 20.—Sweepstakes, \$125, mile heats, been three in five, to wagons, without any regard to the weight

SAME DAT.—Include 250 lb. wagons. J. Nelson named b. g. Dread..... H. Woolley named ch. z. Tanzy. Time, 10:16—10:22.

Same Day -Trotting match, \$500, two mile

Time. 5:27 Total. 5:30

The above was a very interesting and exciting trot, and elicited the admiration of the assemblage.

SAME DAY.—Trotting match, 5:400 mile heats, to wagons.

H. Woodruff named b. m. Lady Warren. 1

W. Whelan named g. g. Col. Johnson. dis.

Time, 2:47 ½.

Sporting Intelligence.

CREAKET.—The second match between the two elevens of the Albany Cricket Club was played on the ground at East Albany, on Monday. There was some change in the players on the "Red" side, Mr. Gower being substituted for Mr. White, who was in ill health. Mr. G. made an excellent substitute for Mr. W., as the score will show.

The game commenced at 11½ o'clock, and was rapidly played, both imnings terminating before 5 o'clock, and in favor of the 'lleds."

favor of the 'Bees.' There was some good batting on both sides, and the fielding of the 'Blues,' in both innings was far better than that of their opponents in the first innings, the score of eleven to 'byes' showing some loose play, and many of which were overthrows. The following is the b. Hughes.
b. thughes.
b. thughes.
b. thughes.
b. by Smith, b. by Hughes!
b. by Hughes. Run out...
c by Lacy, b by Hughes.
Leg b w
b by Sanders.
c. Fggleston b by Sanders
b by Sanders. Lightfoot, b. by Hughes. Wilkinson b. by Sanders.
Austin, not out.
Bew b. by Sanders.
Leg bye. b. by Sanders... Bye Leg bye Wide.

The "Reds" were thus victorious by ten runs.—Al

Fire in Bufffalo.—About ten o'clock on Sunday night a fire was discovered in some of the stores on Commercial street, below Wheeler's Hotel. It originated apparently in the store occupied jointly by George Dieb ld, shoe dealer, and I ami & Heine, clothiers. When the Fire Pepartment reached the spot the flames were in that and the adjoining store, occupied by Alexander & Liss, clothiers, inways burned through the partition wall at the back of the store. The goods were immediately removed as fast as possible from Wheeler's Hotel and from the adjoining stores, and through the exertions of the firemen the sames were confined to the lower story of the building notwithstanding its light and combustible character. The stores were burned out, and the loases and insurance, pass follows:—George Diebold, shoe store, and I ami & Heine, clothing store, both in one, burned out, and no partion of store area. Insurance, the former for Store, loss \$1,000.—the latter leaving a burned out, and no partion of store area. Insurance, the former for \$0002, loss \$1,000.—the latter leaving a burned \$1,000; loss \$2,000. E. J. Reitz, clothing store, goods partly removed: insured \$1,000; loss not yet ascertaired. X. Schendlar, shoe store, goods partly removed: insured \$1,000; loss not yet ascertaired. X. Schendlar, shoe store, goods partly removed insured \$1,000; loss \$1,200. Wheeler's Hotel, partially burned, and mach injured by smoke and water. The loss cannot be ascertaired in consequence of the damage to the goods, and also the loss by their—Buffulo Express, Oct. 18.

SHICIDE IN THE CARS.—A passenger in the castern cars committed suicide on Friday evening last in the
express train coming West. He was going West to purchase land, and was accompanied by his lady and two
onlidren. He seemed to be in excellent spirits during the
journey, until the train neared Greensburg, when he suddenly draw a dirk hinfe from his pooset, and plunged it repeatedly into his body. He was saided by his wife, who
was sitting alongside of him, and, with the assistance of
some of the passengers, secured until he reached Greensburg, where he was carried into a house, and soon after
died. He was a map of considerable wealth, as upwards
of \$6,000 were taken from his person after the occurrence,
and handed over so his lady.—Pittaburg Post, Oct. 18.

Suicide — David Baldwin, of the firm of Nover.

SUICIDE.—David Baldwin, of the firm of Noyee and Baldwin, well known as the active manager of the Nashua Lock Company's extensive business, committed ruleide on the 18th instant, by hanging himself in his store at Nashua. Mr. Baldwin was ofty years of age, quite wealthy, and the cause for his fatal deed is not apparent.

A house was burned in Rochester on the 19th inst., and a child, only seven days old, lost its life in the dames. The mother's name was Leslie. She had been ordered out of the house she was occupying, and was in pursuits of another situation when the are occurred.